

MUCH DEBATE OVER REVISED PRAYER BOOK

London.—Debate on the new revised prayer book probably will not begin in the House of Commons before the end of June, but controversy over the changes is raging.

The prayer book measure passed the first preliminary when the ecclesiastical committee of both houses voted 20 to 3 to allow it to proceed. The legislative committee must now approve it before it is submitted to the House.

The principal contenders in the controversy, so far, are Sir William Joynson-Hicks, Home Secretary, who opposes the revision, and the Right Rev. Arthur Pleydell-Winton, bishop of London, who supports it.

The bishop precipitated the argument by circulating London Members of Parliament arguments that support the measure. The Home Secretary announced that passage of the measure would be far more grievously regarded throughout the country than its rejection would be.

Some Conservative Members of Parliament questioned the propriety of the Home Secretary's action in identifying himself so prominently with the opposition since he was a cabinet minister.

The bishop, in his rejoinder, asked if the opponents of the measure were trying to drive to the front of the Church of England.

"No one," he said, "wants to drive out those who are ultra-Protestant in their doctrine. Can the people on your side be generous enough not only to keep within the Church of England, but to the doctrine of the Church of England and those who work for devotion we owe so much?"

"Your present policy, if successful, can only lead to the disintegration of the Church of England, and this, I feel sure, no one would deplore more than yourself."

Discuss Exchange Of Lines

Co-operation Between Phone and Telegraph Systems Being Discussed in Alberta.

Edmonton.—Ways and means for co-operation between the telephone and telegraph systems and the telephone companies are at present under consideration and a conference in connection with the matter was held between W. D. Robb, vice-president of the Canadian National Railways, and H. B. Baxter, Deputy Minister of the Telephones.

Mr. Robb is referring the question as to how best to use the lines of the Canadian National Railway Telegraphs and it is likely that a working agreement will result.

Under the proposed plan the wires of the provincial telephone system will be made use of by the telegraph company in certain districts for the transmission of telegraphic messages, while the province will use telegraph pole lines for stringing its wires in other places by way of exchange. A similar arrangement in some parts of the province is already in operation between the province and the Canadian Pacific Railway telegraph.

Exports Cut In April

Imports Were Higher and Income Tax Revenue Increased

Ottawa.—Canadian exports in April were lower in volume than a year ago, while imports were higher. Revenue from customs and excise were lower by nearly a million dollars in April last than in April, 1924. Revenue from income tax was nearly two million dollars more last month than in April a year ago, according to the monthly statement of the Department of National Revenue.

To Study R.C. System
Winnipeg.—Major C. K. Newcomb, chairman of the compensation board which will handle the administration of old age pensions in Manitoba, will leave for Vancouver to study methods used by the British Columbia board in handling the pension system. To date, 1,500 persons have filed applications for pensions in Manitoba, and this number is expected to be doubled shortly.

Sending Plane To States
Odo.—The plane in which Captain George H. Wilkins and Carl B. Eickson flew from Alaska to Sitka, has left Tromsø aboard a ship for Bergen. It will eventually be sent to America on a Norwegian liner.

Might Make Separate Pact

British Dominions Could Deal Directly With Washington On Peace Plan

Washington.—The possibility that the British Dominions may make separate treaties with Washington to outlast war is being discussed here. Secretary of State Kellogg, whose proposals for treaties between the great powers to disavow war as an instrument of national policy, have been tentatively approved by British officials, said that he had no official information from London that any reservations would be demanded as to the inclusion of news dispatches. He agreed that if any difference of opinion existed as to the exact basis on which Britain would negotiate with Washington, they probably were between Great Britain and her Dominions. He had been informed that London was taking up the whole question with the Dominions before replying to the U.S. Secretary of State's overtures.

Asked if the Dominions would have separate treaties, Secretary Kellogg said that was a matter for the Dominions to decide, in consultation with the British government. In a general way the opinion is expressed here that it would not be inconsistent with the policy of Canada in recent years if Ottawa elected to deal directly with Washington in connection with the declaration of policy on the attribution of disputes and the outlawing of war.

Salary Increase For Judges Recommended

House Will Have To Approve Report Of Committee

Ottawa.—An increase in salary to Canadian judges has been approved by the special parliamentary committee. The committee's report will, it is stated, recommend an increase of \$2,000 to county court judges; the same amount to provincial court judges; and \$3,000 increase for judges of the supreme court of Canada.

The committee held its sessions in Ottawa. It is understood that the report was only adopted on the casting vote of the chairman.

The committee's recommendation will have to receive the approval of the House.

The increase in salary of \$2,000 per annum is also recommended for judges of the county court.

The committee reached by the committee was that the salary of judges in Canada was inadequate and should be increased.

Willingdon Opens Institute For Blind

New Building Provides Treatment For Sightless In West

Winnipeg.—The opening of the new building of the Canadian National Institute for the Blind, at Winnipeg, will be the means of not only comforting and supporting hundreds of those now neglected, but of saving the sight of at least half of those in Saskatchewan and Manitoba whose vision would otherwise be lost.

At the opening of the new building, the governor-general of Canada, officially declared the new building open.

Amendment Defeated

Anti-Dumping Move Lost By Large Majority In House

Ottawa.—A Conservative anti-dumping amendment to supply was defeated in the House by a vote of 110 to 59. The amendment was moved by R. K. Anderson (Conservative, Halifax), and was that the government should take necessary action effectively to control the importation of a class of natural products of a class or kind produced in Canada, under conditions that operate to the detriment of the Canadian producers.

A. W. Neil (Independent, Ontario), voted with the Conservatives, while the Progressives and U.F.A. voted with the government.

Expatriate Reported Safe

Berlin, Germany.—Reports received here from Loh, Northern India, says the German explorer, Wilhelm Pilchner, the British missionary, Mat Pilchner, and the American missionary, Mat Pilchner, arrived safely there. Pilchner, in 1920, had been reported murdered together with several members of his Tibetan expedition.

May Be Envoys To Canada

Washington.—It is rumored here in Washington that Satoru Kawada, minister to the Japanese embassy here, will be the first Japanese minister to Ottawa. The Japanese embassy declines to comment on the rumor.

Farm Workers Scarce

Demand In Northern Alberta Exceeds Supply Is Report

Winnipeg.—The influx of immigrants this season has been well covered, and in northern Alberta there is scarcely enough farm help to meet the demand, according to J. B. McGowan, secretary of the Canadian National railways who returned here from a tour of the west.

He estimated that well over a million acres of new land will be cleared and brought under the plow this year in northern Alberta and northern Saskatchewan.

New immigrants, he said, were being used extensively in this work.

No Opposition From Britain

But Chinese Troops Must Not Enter Legation At Peking

London.—The British government has no intention to offer any opposition to the advance of the Chinese Nationalist army on Peking, Guy Lloyd-Lockman, under secretary for foreign affairs told the House of Commons.

Mr. Lloyd-Lockman said that the government's only care was to see that these troops did not enter the legation quarters.

ADVOCATE PLAN OF INSURANCE FOR UNEMPLOYED

Ottawa.—The House of Commons committee on industrial and international relations endorsed the principle of unemployment insurance based on compulsory contributions by the state, the employers and the employee in its report tabled in the House.

The report states that the necessity for providing some method of unemployment insurance, "will inevitably have to be dealt with before long as a solution in part of the industrial problems of the present day."

The report indicates that the success of any plan of unemployment insurance depends upon several of the provisions being willing to act simultaneously.

It is of the opinion that the matter should be referred to the provinces and that the federal government should be willing to adopt legislation respecting unemployment insurance and to what extent they will be willing to do so.

The committee expressed disapproval in arriving at approximate costs of unemployment insurance because there was no definite method of ascertaining unemployment at any given point for any length of time.

The committee recommends that the government immediately devise a plan whereby the amount of unemployment over a period of a year could be reasonably calculated.

The committee also recommends that the government secure from Great Britain advice on the subject that the subject be dealt with further by the committee at the next session of parliament.

Formed Permanent Organization

Dr. C. M. Hinks, medical director of the Canadian National Society for Mental Hygiene, was elected president of the Canadian conference on social work held in Montreal.

The success of this first conference a permanent organization was formed with Dr. Hinks at its head.



Dr. C. M. Hinks, medical director of the Canadian National Society for Mental Hygiene, was elected president of the Canadian conference on social work held in Montreal.

The success of this first conference a permanent organization was formed with Dr. Hinks at its head.

Ask Higher Tariff On Dairy Products

Findings Of U.S. Commission Not Yet Submitted To President

Washington.—The tariff commission's recommendation on milk and cream duties has not yet been sent to the president. The Canadian Press learned two weeks ago that the commission had recently investigated the cost of production in Canadian dairies, were ready for the White House, and it was understood that an increase in the duties would be recommended.

The farmers' co-operatives, who claim to represent 981,000 farmers in this country, asked for upward revision of the tariff on practically all products of the farm, except grain on which they already have a prohibitive tariff. In most cases they ask, in their resolution addressed to Congress, about 100 per cent increase in the existing duties.

Discuss Antarctic Plans

Will Explore To Locate Suitable Base For Meteorological Station

Winnipeg.—The Canadian National Society for Mental Hygiene, which is planning to explore the Antarctic, said: "It is likely that the expedition will be willing to adopt legislation respecting unemployment insurance and to what extent they will be willing to do so."

The committee expressed disapproval in arriving at approximate costs of unemployment insurance because there was no definite method of ascertaining unemployment at any given point for any length of time.

The committee recommends that the government immediately devise a plan whereby the amount of unemployment over a period of a year could be reasonably calculated.

The committee also recommends that the government secure from Great Britain advice on the subject that the subject be dealt with further by the committee at the next session of parliament.

TWO IS COMPANY

Winnipeg.—The Canadian National Society for Mental Hygiene, which is planning to explore the Antarctic, said: "It is likely that the expedition will be willing to adopt legislation respecting unemployment insurance and to what extent they will be willing to do so."

The committee expressed disapproval in arriving at approximate costs of unemployment insurance because there was no definite method of ascertaining unemployment at any given point for any length of time.

The committee recommends that the government immediately devise a plan whereby the amount of unemployment over a period of a year could be reasonably calculated.

The committee also recommends that the government secure from Great Britain advice on the subject that the subject be dealt with further by the committee at the next session of parliament.

Winnipeg.—The Canadian National Society for Mental Hygiene, which is planning to explore the Antarctic, said: "It is likely that the expedition will be willing to adopt legislation respecting unemployment insurance and to what extent they will be willing to do so."

The committee expressed disapproval in arriving at approximate costs of unemployment insurance because there was no definite method of ascertaining unemployment at any given point for any length of time.

The committee recommends that the government immediately devise a plan whereby the amount of unemployment over a period of a year could be reasonably calculated.

The committee also recommends that the government secure from Great Britain advice on the subject that the subject be dealt with further by the committee at the next session of parliament.

File Appeals In Libel Suit

Defendant In Currie Action Claims New Evidence Discovered

Toronto.—Appeals from the verdict of the special jury at the Colborne estate suit, amounting to \$100,000, Arthur Currie, commander of the Canadian corps in France, 2500 damages in his libel action against W. T. R. Preston and F. W. Wilson, of Fort Hope, were filed recently. Mr. Preston and Mr. Wilson were not accompanied by counsel when they visited Orsode Hall to file the appeal.

One of the chief grounds of Mr. Preston's appeal is contained in a statement that new evidence has been discovered. He claims that an order was issued to the respective units of the Canadian corps about 4:30 p.m., November 10, 1918, that operations would be concluded and hostilities cease at 11 o'clock on the morning of November 11.

Other grounds include the assertion that the judge mis-directed and misled the jury, that certain evidence was erroneously excluded, and that the judgment was contrary to the evidence.

Mr. Preston and Mr. Wilson filed separate notices of appeal.

Staff Is Kept Busy

Requests For Returns By House Members Are Numerous

Ottawa.—Returns requested by members of the House of Commons are numerous and voluminous that some of the Government's departments are having difficulty in keeping up with the demand.

This was stated in the House of Commons by Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Finance. Mr. Robb informed the members that Government departments stated that the requests from the House were adding materially to their work.

Some of them declared that they must either have more time to get out the returns or more help to do the work.

Mr. Robb made this statement in explaining why it took some time to furnish certain returns requested by members.

DID NOT NAME MR. McMURRAY SAYS HON. FORKE

Ottawa.—Emphatic denial of any knowledge that Hon. R. J. McMurray, former Solicitor-General, had trafficked in special immigration permits was made at the parliamentary immigration committee by Hon. Robert Forke, Minister of Immigration.

I can state emphatically that I did not make any of the statements which Mr. Colwell says I made about Mr. McMurray, Mr. Forke declared, in reference to the statements by Mr. C. J. Caldwell, of Regina, that Mr. Forke had named Mr. McMurray in this connection.

Mr. Forke said he knew nothing about Mr. McMurray's transactions with the department, if any took place, and since I came into the department, I have had no dealings with Mr. McMurray, directly or indirectly.

Regarding Mr. Caldwell's statement about my telling him that I had checked up the records of the department regarding the number of permits issued by my predecessor, and that I said I wrote my predecessor, and that he wrote his predecessor, I want to say positively, that if Mr. Colwell got this information at all, he did not get it from me, Mr. Forke continued.

"At no time did I ever consult or check up the previous records of the department in regard to the number of permits issued by my predecessor, I have no knowledge of the number of permits issued by them, and I did not write to any predecessor in connection with the number of permits which had been issued."

Hon. R. J. Manion, (Conservative, Fort William), was given permission at the request of the sitting to make a statement in respect to the casual mention of his name by Ald. Colwell.

"I wish to state emphatically that in the time I was acting minister of immigration in July, 1921, I personally issued no permits to anyone, and no permits were illegally or irregularly issued to anyone," Mr. Manion declared.

In fact no permits of any kind were issued which were not wholly within the law and the regulations."

Mr. Manion emphatically denied that he had communicated at any time by word or letter with Mr. Forke regarding permits, and that Mr. Forke would agree with him in this statement.

Mr. Manion said that he had no knowledge of the number of permits issued by them, and I did not write to any predecessor in connection with the number of permits which had been issued."

Hon. R. J. Manion, (Conservative, Fort William), was given permission at the request of the sitting to make a statement in respect to the casual mention of his name by Ald. Colwell.

"I wish to state emphatically that in the time I was acting minister of immigration in July, 1921, I personally issued no permits to anyone, and no permits were illegally or irregularly issued to anyone," Mr. Manion declared.

In fact no permits of any kind were issued which were not wholly within the law and the regulations."

Mr. Manion emphatically denied that he had communicated at any time by word or letter with Mr. Forke regarding permits, and that Mr. Forke would agree with him in this statement.

REQUESTS MADE FOR INCREASED TARIFF ON SUGAR

Ottawa.—For the second time the application of the Dominion Sugar Company, of Chatham, Ont., for upward revision of the tariff on refined sugar was before the tariff advisory board.

The application is being heard in conjunction with a request from W. M. Thrasher, Saskatoon, for downward revision of the tariff on sugar. Mr. Thrasher also asks for the abolition of the Dutch standard.

On behalf of the Dominion Sugar Company, A. V. McIntyre stated there was a loss of 7 per cent.

Chairman W. H. Moore questioned A. W. Stewart, of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company, supporting the Dominion Sugar Company's application, as to what was the cost of sugar refining in Canada. Mr. Stewart said that if the tariff on refined sugar could be obtained Chairman Moore thought, however, that as similar data was obtainable in the United States, it should be obtainable in Canada.

Mr. McIntyre asked the board to grant a 10 per cent increase in the pound on refined sugar to put the industry on a sound basis. This proposition, continued Mr. McIntyre, would ensure a substantial increase in Canadian production and good prices for Canadian sugar beets. Farmers would be declared, he ensured a fair price.

Mr. McIntyre asked the board to grant a 10 per cent increase in the pound on refined sugar to put the industry on a sound basis. This proposition, continued Mr. McIntyre, would ensure a substantial increase in Canadian production and good prices for Canadian sugar beets. Farmers would be declared, he ensured a fair price.

Mr. McIntyre asked the board to grant a 10 per cent increase in the pound on refined sugar to put the industry on a sound basis. This proposition, continued Mr. McIntyre, would ensure a substantial increase in Canadian production and good prices for Canadian sugar beets. Farmers would be declared, he ensured a fair price.

Premier May Go To Geneva

Suggestion Made That Premier King Attend Next Session Of League Of Nations

Ottawa.—The suggestion that Premier Mackenzie King attend the next assembly of the League of Nations, has been endorsed by the central executive committee of the League of Nations.

The resolution, moved by Senator Belcourt, was as follows: "That the Premier be invited to attend the next session of the League of Nations."

Mr. Belcourt said that it was most desirable that the Prime Minister, Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, attend the next assembly of the League of Nations, which will be held in Geneva, Switzerland, on June 20.

The resolution, moved by Senator Belcourt, was as follows: "That the Premier be invited to attend the next session of the League of Nations."

Radium Exempted From Duty

Action Of British Treasury Will Greatly Relieve Hospitals

London.—The British treasury has decided to exempt all radium compounds from customs duty. The concession will greatly relieve hospitals who are experiencing serious difficulties in obtaining supplies owing to the enormous cost. The government in January, 1924, had imposed a duty of 30 per cent on all radium.

Acquire More B.C. Land

Saskatoon.—The John I. Haas Home Company, of San Francisco, that now has 100 acres of land in hops at Sardis, B.C., recently acquired additional 30 acres just south of its present holdings, which will be trebled during the coming season. There were approximately 750 tons of hops grown in British Columbia last year, practically all of which have been shipped.

To Tighten Up Liquor Law

Toronto.—Ontario's liquor control act is to be made less stringent, it is understood, by the introduction of the package system of dealing with retail liquor.

The package system can be set up under the law as it now stands and consequently special legislation will not be required. This legislation, it is unofficially reported, will be brought down at the next session of the House.

Sending Observers To Geneva

Washington.—While the United States has declined an invitation to participate in the eleventh international labor conference at Geneva beginning May 30, it is learned that the United States government will send unofficial observers to watch proceedings.

Railway Manager Arrested

Warsaw, Poland.—Police arrested Stanislaw Turk, assistant manager of the railway administration, and three other men, charged with selling red cross passes for the railway institution in case of war to Moscow. The men also are accused of betraying secrets of Polish army manufacture.

Canada's Basic Industry Sound

Agriculture in Canada Prosperous According to Dominion Statistics

Agriculture in Canada, basic industry, and agriculture is prosperous. According to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the Dominion's gross agricultural revenue was \$1,326,000,000 in 1922 and \$1,738,438,000 in 1927. This represents an increase of approximately 20 per cent. In five years, and the percentage of increase in the gross agricultural wealth of the country for the same period is only slightly less. The figures are: \$474,685,000 for 1922, and \$962,400,000 for 1927.

For all Canada, occupied farm lands increased in value to the extent of \$1 an acre in 1927 as compared with 1922 and last year stood at \$38 according to the bureau.

Farm lands in British Columbia last year had an average value of \$80 an acre, an increase over 1926 of \$9 and a figure far beyond that of any other province. Much of British Columbia's arable land is found in fertile valley lands which is cultivated extensively for fruit growing or market gardening. Saskatchewan, the greatest grain province, had an average of \$26, with an increase of \$1. Ontario increased its average from \$27 to \$30, and Quebec from \$23 to \$27.

The increased value and number of livestock is another evidence of prosperity. Canadian horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry in 1927 were valued at \$747,200,000; in 1927 the figure had gone to \$822,097,000, most of the increase being in cattle.

There are no figures in existence to show the extent of farm indebtedness in the Dominion, but apparently in most cases mortgages are being carried without embarrassment. A few years ago there were sections in Western Canada where farms freely were being abandoned to the mortgage companies. Today, after a succession of profitable crops and in a healthier atmosphere of optimism, this condition no longer exists. It is interesting to note that according to the latest census \$57.7 per cent. of all Canadian farms were occupied by their owners, showing the financial insignificance of the tenant class.

Color Matter Of Preference

Brown Shelled Eggs Laid By Common Hens, White By Others

Color of the shells does not affect the food value of eggs. This statement from the poultry department of the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture may be accepted with certain reservations by housewives who have always insisted on "white eggs" or "brown eggs." Color is entirely a matter of local preference, says the Budget poultry specialist, and as a result eggs of the color most commonly requested in the market are considered by the buyer in that community to be of superior quality.

Brown-shelled eggs are laid by common breeds, as Barred Rocks, Rhode Island Reds and Wyandottes, while white-colored eggs are produced by Leghorns, Minorcas and other Mediterranean breeds.

A Good Insurance Risk

Although he carries a blanket policy liability insurance policy for \$100,000 on any aircraft he may be flying, Col. Charles A. Langford has not presented a single claim for damages in the thousands of miles he has flown since he piloted the Spirit of St. Louis from New York to Paris. This has been announced by the insurance company.

Base Largest Potato Crop

Prisoners of Manitoba and Saskatchewan raise two-thirds of the potato crop reported by private institutions of the Dominion. Nearly a third of a million pounds of potatoes are dug up every year at Stony Mountain, and nearly as many figure in the yield at Prince Albert.

Base Largest Potato Crop

Prisoners of Manitoba and Saskatchewan raise two-thirds of the potato crop reported by private institutions of the Dominion. Nearly a third of a million pounds of potatoes are dug up every year at Stony Mountain, and nearly as many figure in the yield at Prince Albert.

I saw a dog with five legs the other day.

"Where was the fifth leg?"

"In his mouth!"—Vikings, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1734

KEEPING CREAM COOL

Putting Cream In Can and Placing In Iced Water

With the arrival of warm weather cream producers who patronize a butter factory are faced with the problem of keeping the cream sweet and clean in flavor until delivery is made. Authorities of the Dairy and Food Storage Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, express the view, pamphlet No. 37, entitled "Care of Cream For Buttermaking," that the easiest and best way is to put the cream in an ordinary shotgun can and place it in a tank of iced water immediately after skimming. This pamphlet shows an illustration of a suitable tank capable of holding four cans and sufficient ice and water to keep the cream at a low temperature.

The tank is made with a space of four inches on all sides and on the bottom which is filled with plating-oil shavings. The cover is also insulated in a similar manner. The tank is lined with galvanized iron.

This tank, although regarded as a title expensive, is highly recommended on farms where the ice has to be delivered. The ordinary receptacle tank makes a fair substitute. Whether tank is of insulated type or plain steel covers are of great importance, as they help to keep down the temperature of the water and cream.

This pamphlet, which can be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, gives the results of an experiment which shows the great advantage of keeping cream in a proper tank on the usual practice of holding it in the cellar. In the tank cream held for 24 hours at an average temperature of 54 degrees Fahrenheit, developed an acidity of only 0.185 per cent. When kept in a cellar for the same period the average temperature of the cream was 63.7, which allowed the acidity to reach 0.505 per cent. That is to say, cream held in the cellar had increased its acidity as much as that cooled in the iced water.

Western Alberta Minerals

American Interest To Develop Immense Lead and Zinc Deposits

Some initial work is to be done this summer on the development of the lead and zinc deposits in the north country just above the Alberta boundary. Mineral rights in this area, held by an American-controlled, it is understood, by Boston financiers, and the work proposed for the coming summer is to sink experimental shafts with a view to determining the extent and character of the deposit. A working crew will go north for this purpose soon after navigation opens.

The area to be thus developed is in the Great Slave Lake country about eight miles beyond the Alberta limit. It was prospected before the war and rights acquired from the original prospector by an English concern. Owing to wartime conditions, however, no development work was done, and the English holders dropped the claim.

It is said that competent geologists have viewed the area to find the richest body of lead and zinc ore on the continent. Merely as a surface proposition, there is believed to be millions of tons of ore in the deposit, and if the tests now about to be made show the deposits to have the expected depth there will be an almost fabulous quantity of the two minerals out of which to make a new Eldorado of the north.

Already there are visions of great transportation activity on the northern waterways if the development of the lead and zinc deposit of the top country is proceeded with. Freight will necessarily go in and come out by way of the Mackenzie route, connecting with McMurray and the waterways rail line. Incidentally, lead and zinc may prove an ultimate extension of the railway into the north, instead of oil.

Just a Report

A Negro preacher had posted his house of money with a notice that the bishop finally told him with a tone of innuendo that he didn't want any more appeals from him.

The next week came another letter from the preacher:—

"Dear Bishop—I assure you this is not an appeal. It is a report. I have no points."

Important To Beekeepers

The artificial mating of queen bees which the beekeeper in future can make sure that excellent strains of bees can be perpetuated through generations, with a resultant high grade of honey, was revealed by Dr. H. Gale, at the annual convention of the Manitoba Beekeepers' Association recently. The new discovery, he declared, had placed the industry on a controllable basis.

London Has Repair Shop For Lifeboats

Those Put Out Of Commission Around Coast Are Immediately Replaced

In an out-of-the-way corner of the River Thames in the port of London is a lifeboat hospital. The doctors are all old sailors, most of whom have long been connected with the lifeboat service.

The hospital is the repair and store depot of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution. One enters, from the street through a small door, just as though going into an ordinary house, but inside the similarity ceases. Writes W. I. Seymour, in Pearson's Weekly, "There are busy yards, machine shops, and store rooms where they keep a stock of everything necessary, from spare lifeboats down to metal polish."

Eight or nine lifeboats fully equipped, are always kept "standing by," ready to be rushed off to replace any that may be put out of action along the coast. Day and night someone is always on duty, prepared to summon all hands to dispatch a lifeboat in an emergency receipt of an S.O.S. No attention must be kept waiting.

Meantime the damaged lifeboat is hauled on a sled, where it is examined, and on arrival she is immediately overhauled, put into a thorough state of repair, re-equipped, and then put on stock, ready to be sent out again. No new boats are ever kept in stock—they go direct from the builders to the station for which they are intended.

Plant Has Peculiar Seed

Gentle-Hearted European plant has Paradoxe Which Expands and Contracts

Gentle-Hearted European plant has a seed that could almost be said to walk. It is equipped with a kind of downy, ribbed paracost, or parachute, by which it drifts far from the ground after it lights. The effect of air resistance causes the parachute to expand and contract, so that unless the seed lands on soil, where it can hold, the rib will drag it along day after day until a favorable spot is found.

New Homelessness In West

Over a thousand new homeless men were filed in the four western provinces during the months of January and February this year, being 1,606, as compared with 429 for the same two months' period last year. By provinces, Manitoba reports 54 homeless entries as against 71 last year; Saskatchewan 430 as against 333; Alberta 282 as against 213, and British Columbia 20 against 9.

Romance on C.P.R. Route



The Canadian spring had early influence upon Andreas Hansen, 21, and Neils Christian Nielsen, 24, handsome young Danish immigrant couple who, on arriving at Winnipeg, decided to marry and, with the assistance of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the immigration Department officials, did so forthwith.

They had known each other in their homeland, Denmark, for many years, and had even been sweethearts, but on departing for Canada they had harbored no romantic ideas of thoughts of marriage. Travelling as strangers in a strange land, they met and found happiness in each other's company during the journey, and furthermore discovered their destinies to be close together. On reaching Winnipeg on their westbound trip, they decided to marry. The C.P.R. Colonization department officials did the rest.

Rev. N. Danavos, immigration chaplain, aided the groom in securing a special marriage license. His son Victor, a member of the colonization bureau, accompanied the bride and groom from the frontier as a gift to the bride from the company. An office adjacent to the Winnipeg Immigration building was cleared and prepared for the occasion. Rev. N. Danavos, head of the colonization department of the railway for Western Canada, volunteered to act as promisor, and R. G. McNeill, general passenger agent, to give the bride away; a group of twenty immigration company officials gathered, and the stage was set for the ceremony, the first among newcomers for this reason.

"Will you have Andrea for din dikta hustru?" asked Rev. N. Danavos. "Ja!" responded Nielsen. They continued their journey toward their new home, charged them to continue faithful to one another, repeated the Lord's prayer, gave them benediction, made the sign of the cross, and Andreas and Neils Christian were declared man and wife. They continued their journey westward that afternoon, two of four hundred settlers—Danes, Dutch, and English—who are travelling at that time with the Canadian Pacific.

NEW POPULAR BEVERAGE

Four Thousand Gallons Of Tomato Juice Consumed Annually At Health Resort

Tomato juice is a popular beverage at French Lake Springs, a well-known health resort, says "The Modern Hospital." According to the manager, R. J. Tompkins, the guests consume over four thousand gallons of specially prepared tomato juice each year. In commenting on this, Mr. Tompkins says:

"In late years physicians and dietitians have demonstrated that the juice of the tomato contains many of the highest elements, the chief of which are the three vitamins, A, B, and C, and the recently discovered vitamin E, which assists the red blood cells in absorbing iron from the blood. These are necessary for nourishing and strengthening the entire human organism."

Tomato juice may be served plain or with a pungent seasoning in it," says "The Modern Hospital." "One must be prepared to find it a little pulp out of the can and in the juice through a sieve. Chill and season with salt and pepper. Add lemon juice, tabasco, or Worcestershire sauce, if desired or any other seasoning."

"The use of canned tomato juice has been growing ever since the discovery that the canning process acts as a preservative of vitamin C, which not only prevents scurvy but is necessary for growth and good health. Much of this conservation is due to the acid content of the tomato. In addition to the vitamins, C, tomatoes rank with lettuce and green leafy vegetables as a source of vitamins A and B."

The growing popularity of the tomato as a source of vitamins is due to the fact that it can be obtained all the year around at a comparatively stable price, and the cost of labor of preparing it for use is smaller than for almost any other source of the vitamins, a matter of importance in the hospital or health resort."

Will Not Incure Large Debt

But Highway Building In Saskatchewan Will Be Speeded Up

"No one had ever criticized this province as being the poorest and the type of earth road is as good as any built anywhere, and they are well deserved," says Hon. Geo. Spence, the Saskatchewan Minister of Highways, Labor and Industry goes on to point out that the province is building a building and graveling which is being commenced this summer.

"The province is in a splendid financial position to speed up the highway to speed up but will not go head over heels in debt. Colonization is needed, a colonization is a human problem. You can't dump people into the country and not take care of them. Provincial highways had been built to serve points in the East, West, North and South, but no government can build more highways than the people can pay for. They must be built where they will give the greatest service."

"Air survey will be proceeded with in the near future. The Department will do this," he said. "They have the equipment but the provincial government will be able to give the information. The air survey will be done by lake and river will be made a study, but until the fullest information is obtained no charts can be made. It would not be safe. The work of constructing the road into the new park in the North is under way. It will be completed in time for the opening of the park in August, and in July will begin the work of removing the loose boulders from the river and Montreal Lake. When this is done it will open up a fine waterway route in the tourist district."

No Argument

A new 5 and 10-cent store had been opened by a man named Cohen. A woman came in one day and selected a pair of shoes for which she handed the proprietor a dime.

"Excuse, lady!" said Cohen, "but the shoes are 10 cents." "That I thought this was a 5 and 10-cent store," protested the customer. "Well, I leave it to you," came the reply. "How much it is, 5 and 10 cents."

Industrious Youth: Thinking of me, darling?

Wearily Girl: Oh, was I laughing? I'm so sorry.

If a man is smart he can catch on and if he is wise he knows when to let go.

The youthful graduate is the only person who knows enough to run the nation successfully.

A sky flecked with small white clouds is sometimes called a mackerel sky.

Crop Planning Of The Farm

Keeping a Record Of What Crops Are Grown In Rotation

In order to keep a record of what crops have been grown each year on all the fields of various parts of the farm, it is desirable to draw each year a map of the farm. On this plan may be entered the crops which have been obtained. If desired, such additional information may be recorded as dates of ploughing, seeding and harvesting. When this plan is made every year, it facilitates the following without error of any rotation which may be desired. It enables one to learn what fields produce the largest yields of certain crops, providing information to enable the improvement of the rotation along the line of adapting certain crops to soils to which they are suited. Observations are likely to be made.

The practice of keeping a record of crops grown in rotation is a book in which many years' records will be kept easily available. It is possible to save a few pages in the book so that a record of all cash crops and expenditures and to record once a year an inventory of the crops on the farm, the equipment, stock, and crops on the farm. These records, together with the cropping plan of the farm, give accurate information for the year's progress on the farm and are the best means of studying how to improve the farm business. No commercial enterprise would consider the conduct of its business without yearly records and neither should any farm enterprise.

The most important of keeping farm records is perhaps the most simple of any system but it gives, undoubtedly, the most fundamental information, and it is the most valuable of being extremely simple and easy to do. If a more elaborate system of accounting is desired, it may be adopted later.

This Bulletin No. 3, entitled "Crop Planning on the Farm," is available at the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

The planning of the farm might be made a very enjoyable and instructive task for one of the boys or girls. They are given sufficient instruction in school in mapping to be able to apply this to their own farms.

To Preserve Wood

New Tool Invented For Injection Of Paste Treatment

The practice of giving logs a "hypodermic injection" to preserve them, invented in Germany not long ago, has spread to Britain, and a new tool has been invented to do the work. The new scientific method is being used to inject telegraph poles on a special paste, which is said to keep them for many years, and is added to the pole's life.

This treatment of wood is a step that may eventually to complete arrest of decay. If that ideal is accomplished, buildings of wood can be erected that will be as imperishable as structures of stone, brick or steel, while the cost will be much less. The effect will be that of transmuting wood into rock.

Aviation In Western Canada

The "developing 'air-mindedness'" in Western Canada was recently illustrated when the passengers of a plane arrived at Moose Jaw from Winnipeg by special Western Canada Airways plane for the transaction of business. This being the first business visit made by air to Moose Jaw. The plane later flew to Regina and then back to Winnipeg.

A good many things come to the man who is so busy that he has no time to wait.



"Mr. Landlord, I would like to marry one of your daughters."

Landlord: "Light or dark?"—Lustige Kolner Zeitung, Cologne.

Oyen Theatre

MONDAY, MAY 28

Burnard Eckardt presents

The Musical Eckardts

—SWISS BELL RINGERS—

—with a new company of—
Musicians, Vocalists, Dancers and Comedians—
—Featuring—

Miss Inez Murray

ADULTS 75c Tax extra CHILDREN 25c

DANCE AFTER

You can afford cars

HOW many times have you wished for a second car, for your wife, for the children? The family with only one car today is being needlessly inconvenienced. You can afford two cars. If your second car is a Used Car, you can choose one that will cost little, add much to the comfort and pleasure of your family, and save a lot of wear and tear on your present car. . . . And, if you haven't a car yet, of course you will be all the more interested in these exceptional values.

CU-282C

USED CARS

1926 Models

Ford Touring \$400.00
Chevrolet Coach \$650.00

W. S. Marshall
DEALER - PHONE 37

CHEVROLET

AUTHORIZED DEALER

Professional Cards

W. D. McPHAIL
M.D., L.M.C.C., M.C.P.&S.

Life of Winnipeg General Hospital
Office hours: 11-12 2-5-30
Evenings by appointment
OFFICE - MAIN STREET
(next to telephone exchange)
Phone 60 Oyen

H. C. SWARTZLANDER
M.D.

Postgraduate Polyclinic Hospital
General Medicine Obstetrics
Phone 7 Oyen

Dr. T. F. Holt
DENTIST

Office—2nd Avenue East
Out of town Thursday

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and
Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College,
Oyen, Alta

OYEN DRAY LINE

Motor Truck Service
Wheat Hauled
Water Delivered
—Leave orders early—
W. D. MORRELL

Here and There

(68) Actual sales of Canadian Pacific Railway farm lands for the first three months of the year have been double those of the corresponding period of 1927. Enquiries for farm lands generally have increased in the same proportion.

Quebec, Quebec. — The mineral production of the Province of Quebec for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1928, will be well in excess of \$3,000,000 if the activity continues according to a statement from the Provincial Department of Mines just issued.

Saint John. — The Maritime Provinces can find a good market in South and West Africa for their manufactured and natural products, according to D. J. S. Tyrer, who recently returned from there. A vast trade, he claimed, could be worked up in soft fish.

Vernon. — For the first time in the history of beekeeping in British Columbia one bee-keeper in the Okanagan Valley has exported a full carload of honey from his own hive. His 200 colonies gave him an average of 175 pounds of honey per colony.

Ottawa. — A survey will be made this year for a Canadian air mail route between Montreal and Winnipeg. This will consist of determining the best routes and locating landing fields. Recent announcement of four air mail contracts between points in Eastern Canada forebode more extensive operations along this line at an early date.

Midland, Ont. — For the first time in the history of this progressive town, a through Canadian Pacific train left here early in May for Toronto, and the first C. P. R. through train arrived from Toronto later in the day. A bottle of champagne was broken across the tender of the C. P. R. locomotive as it pulled out of Midland.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

LOST—One yearling Hereford heifer from the farm of Ed. Owens. Haul chain on neck when last seen. Finder please advise Ed. Owens, 27-25-4, Oyen, Alta.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—For sale at 10¢ per doz. Apply to Andy Loebe, Oyen.

FOR SALE—House and lot on Second Avenue East, Oyen. Apply to L. Stuart, Delia, Alta.

FOR SALE—One registered Short-horn bull calf and some young pigs. Apply: E. H. Church, Oyen. Phone 1211.

FOR SALE—No. 1 Western Bye Grass Seed. Government tested and tested. Cleaned and sacked, 7 cents. Harvey G. Johnson, (one-half mile from Oyen). Phone 410.

PRINTING—All kinds of Commercial Printing neatly turned out by The Oyen News job department.

W. V. Miller

COAL DEALER
Hy-Grade Lump and Stove Coal
IN STOCK

LEGAL NOTICE

NOTICE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between myself and Donald E. May as Hardware Merchants and Machine Agents in the Village of Oyen, under the name and style of "Kerr and May" has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the said business will be carried on in future by myself alone. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to me at the store at Oyen, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to me by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Oyen, Alberta, this 15th day of May, A.D. 1928.

ARTHUR R. KERR

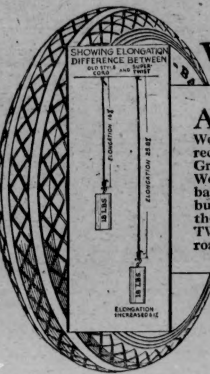
Everything in Shelf and Heavy HARDWARE

Paints, Oils, Greases etc.

We solicit and will appreciate your business

Kerr Hardware

Successors to Kerr and May



We sell the World's Greatest Tire

AFTER its introduction a little over a year ago, today's Goodyear All-Weather Tread Balloon was quickly recognized as the World's Greatest Tire. Greatest because of its wonderful All-Weather Tread, specially designed for balloon tires. Greatest because it is built with SUPERTWIST Cords. Study the chart which shows why SUPERTWIST Cords are less easily injured by road shocks and last longer.

JOHNSON'S GARAGE
OYEN, Alberta Phone 14

Buying at home means service at home

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXCURSIONS

EASTERN CANADA

ALL RAIL OR LAKE AND RAIL

PACIFIC COAST

THE TRIANGLE TOUR — ALASKA

JASPER NATIONAL PARK

—MT. ROBSON, PARK—

TICKETS ON SALE
MAY 15
TO
SEPT. 30

GOOD TO RETURN
UP TO
OCTOBER 31
1928

DURING JULY
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS
GREAT BRITAIN AND CONTINENT
ALSO TO
THE PACIFIC COAST



Please call and get full details from
M. G. Whitlock
Local Agent Oyen — Phone 34
or write
J. MADILL
District Passenger Agent
Edmonton, Alberta

During

JUNE and JULY

Wednesday Half-holiday

will be observed by the business men of

OYEN

Stores will close at 1 o'clock p.m.

Hon. Vincent Massey Speaks On Peaceful Relations Between Canada And The United States

"The peaceful relations between Canada and the United States are founded on practical principles," said Hon. Vincent Massey, Canada's minister of the United States in a speech before the American Peace Society, delivered at Cleveland.

In conveying the greetings of Canada, Mr. Massey said that he happened to be the only representative of British America present, and he might be permitted to add to Canada's good wishes those of Newfoundland, the British West Indies and all the countries in America which owe allegiance to the British crown.

Canada and the United States, said Mr. Massey, had gone a long way towards a solution of the problem of peaceful neighborliness.

"We may point with some pride to a tradition of tolerance and common sense in our dealings with each other," he said. "It is true in our thirteenth moments we refer to our peaceful border in unrealistic imagery, but underneath our rhetoric there is solid fact. No two nations can point to an achievement like that of the international joint commission, which for fifteen years and more has been settling intricate and delicate questions in connection with the waters on our boundary line. It is a matter of deep satisfaction that, to quote a recent learned authority, in a long list of cases there has not been a single instance where dissatisfaction has arisen over the decision of this body. Its orders have never

been disobeyed, although it possesses no powers of police to enforce its orders. What a triumph in international co-operation there is in this fact, that in all its cases its opinion has never divided along national lines, and only once was it divided at all! We may well regard the work of this body as an impressive example as to how two neighboring nations, which are accustomed to trust each other, may deal with common problems."

This principle of arbitration in Canadian-American relations has been embodied in the policy of both countries since the Jay-Greenwich treaty of 1794, providing arbitration as a means of settling boundary disputes. Mr. Massey pointed out. The principle then set up had been scrupulously observed ever since.

The Canadian minister expressed great faith in the practicability of the various peace movements now going on throughout the world. In spite of the scepticism, the road to peace was open.

"More human beings are now bent on preventing wars; more people are thinking in terms of peace, than ever before. Governments are directing their energies to this end as they never have done in the past. Do we hear more of war? The fact is that we are more conscious of the cruelty and futility of war than ever before, but there lies the hope that the consciousness of a disaster in the first step towards its diagnosis and cure."

WILL HAVE CHARGE OF WOMEN'S SPORTS



Adhering strictly to the policy that women's sports should be handled exclusively by women, the Canadian Olympic committee accepted the recommendation of the Women's Athletic Federation and appointed Miss Marie Parkes, chaplain, and Miss Alex. Gibb manager. They will have charge of the women track and field athletes on the trip to Amsterdam. There may be some girl swimmers recommended by the Canadian Swimming Association, and if so they will

be in charge of the ladies appointed, both of whom are eminently qualified for the position. Miss Gibb has been an outstanding figure in girls' sports for some years and was manager of the Canadian ladies' team in 1925, which visited England. Miss Parkes has been actively associated with women's sport at the University of Toronto and with the Women's Federation of Canada, which she has been secretary since its formation.

Seeing Signs The World Over



Possibly you have a friend who was a passenger on the round-the-world cruise of the Canadian Pacific Steamship "Empress of Australia." If so, you have already heard the stories of ports visited, and the strange sights witnessed. In clubs, homes, and lecture halls you will hear about where the passengers saw the largest Buddha in Japan, how the Whampoa River, China, looks in the moonlight with its queer craft silently scurrying with unknown cargoes to and from various ports, while from the cabin comes the wailing of the Chinese flute.

Then there is the spectacle of the mongoose in conflict with a huge cobra, a battle royal in which the former is always the victor, usually through his habit of securing a good hold with his mouth and crushing the head of the snake. Another interesting thing is to see the Hindu with

his flute phara a deadly poisonous snake, finally playing on the musical nerves of the reptile to such an extent that he gradually sways from side to side in accompaniment to the Oriental music. Photo shows a motor of the desert being carefully shaved by his attentive chauffeur, incidentally the owner looses over the camel's teeth to see if any are in the state where pulling is necessary. Just gives a silhouette at sunset on the River Nile.

Greatest Aids To Agriculture

Industry In Canada Has Received Most Benefit From Non-Farmers' Agriculture's greatest aids in Canada during the last 50 or 70 years have come from men who have never learned in 1850 that they were agriculturists for Manitoba, told the Legislature recently.

"A doctor who had never farmed learned in 1850 that they were agriculturists for Manitoba, told the Legislature recently. Different spores, and if these could be destroyed the fungus would be eliminated," Mr. Evans said. Pathologists had been using that information as a basis for research ever since. Fustier, the French chemist and scientist, had brought inestimable benefits through his "fustierization process" evolved in 1857 to aid winemakers whose products were spoiling. William Saunders, a druggist, had hybridized many brands of wheat to select the best and produce the grade known as Marquis.

Mr. Evans asserted that it was not very encouraging to the farmers, after years and much money spent to grow better seed and better stock, to have to sell these products for a low price "dictated by the businessmen."

The Canadian Rocky Mountains consist geologically of the upturned edges of the strata underlying the Great Central Plain of North America.

Some men drop all of their money trying to pick up more.

Mineral Springs Of Canada

Spring Water With Curative Powers Occur In Many Parts Of Dominion

The production in mineral waters in Canada in 1927 amounted to 303, 029 gallons, valued at \$14,066, and was derived from mineral springs located in Ontario and Quebec. Spring waters containing minerals in solution, or as they are usually termed, mineral waters, occur in many parts of the Dominion. Many of them are utilized commercially, both as potable waters and for bathing purposes. At several of the springs where the waters have curative properties, hotels and sanatoriums are operated. Some of the thermal springs are utilized principally for mineral baths.

Shorthorn Cow With A Record U. A. Roan Lady, 101st—108347—a registered Shorthorn cow in the herd of the University of Alberta, Edmonton, recently completed a 365 day test during which she produced 25,424 pounds of milk with an average test of 4.3 per cent, making a total of 664 pounds of butterfat. This record places her sixth highest in Canada in point of butterfat production for Shorthorn cows.

No young man can succeed if he is afraid to do a little more than he is paid for.

The notes to which the strings of a violin are tuned are G. D. A. and E.

Canadians Living In U. S. Will Erect Memorial At Ottawa As A Confederation Gift



A sports dress is smartest, of course, when it's simple. Style No. 37 is extremely popular. It is particularly fetching, made of striped novelty crepe woven with the stripes reversed for the front panel. The belt is attractive slipped through openings and tied at side. It can easily be made in an hour and only requires 3 yards of 40-inch material for the 36-inch size. Two surfaces of crepe suit, printed and plain silk crepe, and georgette crepe in two-tone effect, are lovely combinations. Pattern is obtainable in sizes 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Price 22 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the latest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

.....

.....

Name

Town

.....

The average man is ready and willing to die for his country—of old age.

FINDS HAPPINESS

Want Air Port Chief

First Time Such a Position Has Been Advertised

Probably the first advertisements of their kind are in process of issue by W. Foran, secretary of the civil service commission, as a result of the decision of the Department of National Defence, to hold competitions for the positions of air harbor manager, at the St. Hubert airport, near Montreal, and inspectors, civil aviation, at Ottawa. The air harbor manager will have charge under the superintendent of airways, of a public licensed air harbor, including the flying field or water surface, hangars, airways, workshops, etc., at St. Hubert, will collect all operating fees, supervise aerial traffic and co-operate with customs officials at the port.

Qualifications for the post include a license as commercial pilot and air engineer, and wide knowledge of the different types of aircraft.



Malka Men Schumaker, eight years old, a Polish orphan, who travelled 7,000 miles alone to find a new home. On her arrival at the Canadian National railway station, Winnipeg, she was met by her new parents.



"Water, there is a fly in the soup." "Well, after all, a fly can't drink much."—Jugend, Munich.

NEW CONFEDERATION BUILDING



Work on the new Confederation Building at Ottawa, of which the foundation stone was laid by Lord Willingdon on Confederation day last year, will be started this year. The building, which is to house government departments, will be of French chateau architecture, which will harmonize with the Chateau Laurier at the other end of Parliament Hill. The plan provides for a main wing of 220 feet on Wellington, and a side wing of 500 feet along Bank street, a third wing bisecting the angle. The Dominion has hitherto been paying out \$600,000 annually in rent for government departments, many of which are now accommodated in old houses or store buildings.

A sketch of the May memorial to be erected in the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa, as a Confederation gift from Canadians resident in the United States, has just been published in New York. The sketch, submitted by Dr. R. Tait McKinnis, of Philadelphia, and approved by the National Memorial committee, symbolizes the development of Canada.

Four figures occupy the immediate foreground. On the left is Canada enthroned, her right hand on a shield emblazoned with the arms of United Canada of today, her left outstretched to receive the offerings of her children. She wears a head dress with caribou antlers and the chiton and sandals of Diana; a youthful girl figure, the youngest of the Nations.

The central figure is a small child, the Canadian of the future, staggering under the weight of the world which she is bringing. Behind him and partly supporting him is a stalwart youth, the Canadian of the present, relinquishing his rifle and looking forward to Peace and Industry. Behind him a young woman kneels and receives his rifle with eagerness, and with the other pours out from a basket the fruits of the earth at Canada's feet.

The engineer is stepping down into the foreground with a blueprint on his shoulder. At his heels come, in procession, the lumberman, with his axe, and the fisherman with his nets, established on both coasts before the land was settled. Farther back at the side is seen a group: a woman, with a hunter's rifle, and a woman and child, standing among the trees in front of the settler's cabin. On the opposite side on Ingonish, the Indian lurks in the forest watching them.

The upright pine trunks form a frame through which is seen the figure in low relief of Jacques Cartier on the deck of his ship, as he sails up the St. Lawrence. The leaning column a Jesuit priest upholds the cross; a reference to the religious character of the first settlement of Canada. The relief of the figures becomes lower as the history recedes but the figures are not allowed to stand out boldly, almost in the round.

The panel is about ten feet square and is supported on a pedestal about three feet high on which the inscription will be carved.

There are approximately a million and a quarter men and women of Canadian birth residing in the United States. To give expression to their sentiments of pride in and devotion to their native land this memorial at Ottawa was proposed. The sixtieth anniversary of Confederation, celebrated last year, provided a fitting opportunity to present it. It will be erected at a cost of \$25,000, the amount to be raised by popular subscription among Canadians residing in the United States.

Through the courtesy of the Canadian Government the most desirable site within its gift was made available to the Memorial Committee and accepted. This location is a large panel in the main corridor of the Parliament Buildings leading to the Hall of Fame and opposite to and balancing the Memorial group already erected there to the Nursing Sisters in the Great War.

Time was of course too short to consider the erection of the Memorial itself for unveiling at the Jubilee ceremonies in Ottawa on July 1, last. A temporary tablet was therefore made, placed within the panel the memorial will occupy and in the presence of His Excellency Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, W. A. Mackenzie, W. J. Macdougall, King, Prime Minister, and a distinguished gathering, solemnly unveiled and formal presentation made by W. A. Collette as chairman of the National Committee. The gift was gratefully accepted on behalf of the Canadian people by the Governor-General and the Prime Minister.

The Tablet reads:

"In the sixtieth year of the Confederation of Canada and in commemoration of this event Canadians who live in the United States will cause a memorial to be erected here in token of their devotion to the country of their birth and as a proud tribute to the achievement of its foundation."

Truth Essential To Success

I find great pleasure in a truthful man. One can depend on what he says, and learn from him. But no one enjoys any situation in life, or enjoys respects him. I have never known a really successful man who was a liar. Men of that disposition soon learn if engaged in real affairs, that eventually that untruthfulness is a drag, like a suit of clothes when in swimming.

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG Soothing yet a man's smoke COOL AND FRAGRANT



Save the Valuable "POKER HANDS"

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. MCCLUNG

COPYRIGHT, CANADA, 1925

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

Then he exalted war and manly life. It developed the best in a man, and at this the Major bent his breast, directing his audience to that storehouse of accumulated virtues. Then he appealed to the young men to play off the freedom of the army as the place where a man was a man. The nation's hero was the warrior—mollycoddlers have no place in the world, especially with women. There was truth in the old song yet:

"If a lad has would marry
He must learn a gun to carry."

There in a lighter vein the gallant of the French girls and who they admired the Canadians. His manner indicated that but for the presence of the ladies he could tell more.

While he was speaking, Pte. Crowe's hands were never still. He was busy with the trembling.

The Major then called for recruits.

A Reliable Antiseptic.



HERCULES PERMANENT BUILDING PAPER.

MR. THINKER—

here's your health

Most of your clients are thinkers. A few facts regarding Hercules will impress them. Hercules—in three grades, x, xx, xxx—is tested and proven wind proof and damp proof. A little thought will show them that this is all a building paper should be.

And above all, by these very qualities, Hercules becomes the protector of the most precious treasures of the occupants of any home—their health.

A sample of Hercules is yours for the asking.

Appelford Paper Products
HAMILTON, CANADA

Major was a prince of story-tellers. "Say, boys, did you hear this one? One of the boys who had been on leave . . . 'Hours of laughter followed, then more beer. 'Too much hard liquor is bad,' laughed the Major, 'but too much beer is just right. No danger of being plucked for being noisy—have both the proprietor and the policeman. Now, listen to this. There was a French girl . . ."

At one o'clock the party broke up. The Major had secured six names. He decided the next morning to let Private Crowe go back to the City. The kid was all right, but he lacked "pep." This was a job for a real man, and after all, the best little reporter apart from himself, if it ever could be considered from himself, was the amber-colored bottle. It gave just the proper warmth and glow.

Jack made his journey around by Edmonton to Eagle Mines, arriving there on the first day of February. There had been no reply to his wire. He stepped off the train with a strangely beating heart. He would be there, surely, but the pattern was almost lost. He knew that he knew did not see as he hurried across the street and over to his own house.

The door was not locked, and he went in. A strange scene met his eyes—dirty dishes on the table, the remains of a slovenly meal; shoes on chairs on the platform; the hall showing that it had been slept in; the coffee pot was on the stove. The floor had been tramped by muddy feet and spiced upon by tobacco, cheyenne, and a forgotten pipe was on the window-sill. The air was heavy with tobacco smoke and the stale fumes of beer.

Jack's heart was heavy with apprehension. He went up to the loft by the ladder on the wall. The bed there had been used too, and a man's coat was thrown across it. There it was—the house he had built—defaced, defiled. What did it mean? He would know what it meant, he would go over to the boarding-house.

Mrs. McCann, a few minutes later, related the interview to her friend Mrs. Turner. "He sounded in at me," she said. "Just when I was putting the potatoes to boil. 'Where's the Major?' he almost shouted at me, without even hello! me the time of day. How could I tell him his name? 'She's not here,' he said, 'and I don't know where she is—she's been gone for a week. 'Where did she go?' he said. 'To Edmonton.'"

"Edmonton?" she stammered. "Did she know I was coming back?" "Where did she say she was going?" "Well, Helmy never confided in me, as you know," I said.

"And a country tell him why she went. I never was one who could talk about those things. I don't believe any of my people could. The Weakness were funny then."

"Where's Him?" he said at last, starting at me as if he didn't see me. "Sin had an accident in the mine, and went out the last train. 'Well, look here, Mrs. McCann, who has been staying in my house,' he says, 'can you tell me a word for me?'"

"I know very well a party of gentlemen had spent the night there—drunk as fools, too. I wouldn't let them in. 'I certainly have no knowledge of what's been going on in your house,' he said. 'I am very sorry. Mr. McCann always said there was no one could be a thief and I was when I wanted to be. 'Do you know of anyone having stayed there?' he said. 'Yes,' I says, 'the crazy Englishman from English Creek was there for a week, about six weeks ago.'"

"Lord, I thought he was going to strike me—but none of the Weakness were ever comrades. So I just showed back at him self as pork. I could give him eye for eye, let me tell you. He went out at that and over to the office. I think maybe he expected a letter from Helmy, but if he's written to him it's more than she's done for any of us. Grace over a month and not a word from her. And I was good to that girl, though I ain't the one to tell what I've done for anyone. Now, if Jack Doran had come in a better spirit he might have heard more from me. I'm funny that way, you see, I can lead me, but strong horses can't drive me."

Jack Doran went to the postoffice. His voice sounded queer to him, and his tongue felt like a piece of rope. "Are there any letters for me, Mr. Armstrong?" he asked, hoping his voice would be better. "No, no letters. 'You have just come for Mrs. Doran,' said the postmaster, handing them to him. 'Glad to see you back to us again, Jack. People come and go at Eagle Mines—come and go—it makes it hard for a postmaster.'"

Jack went back to his own house. He must get under cover—the eyes of the people he met hurt him—they bored into him, twisting, turning, searching, gouging, red-hot and sharp as ice. He must get somewhere where he could shut the door.

Experience of more than thirty years proves that aluminum is the only completely satisfactory material in which to pack tea. Red Rose tea is put up only in aluminum, and a "money-back" guarantee goes with every package. 11/5

In his own house, Jack sat with the letters in his hand. Helmy had gone, but he had not waited. He was a month late, but Helmy should have waited. Where had she gone?

The letters might tell him—it would be better to know. He opened the first one and found it contained a remittance cheque for fifteen dollars payable to Helmy Doran, and it said it was on account of Pte. Arthur Wrenn. Jack stared at it without understanding.

The other letter was from Montreal. "Dear Helmy," said, "I have made over my separation allowance to you, and I hope you will accept it from me. You are the only person in Canada who has any claim on me. I have paid every other person in Canada for everything they have ever done for me. You, dear Helmy, I can never pay in money, for you gave me the most precious thing a man can have who goes out as I am going, a memory of something true and sweet. I have made my will, leaving everything I have to you. I will never forget your last words to me. I have ever spoke to me like that before. You will write to me, Helmy? Ever yours, Arthur Wrenn."

(To Be Continued.)

MANY MOTHERS RECOMMEND THEM

Baby's Own Tablets Are Fine For Nervous, Sleepless Children

From Canada's famous Baby's Own Tablets is spreading over the world. Mothers recommend them to other mothers and wherever they tried nothing but words of praise are heard for the pleasant action of the tablets that promptly relieve the minor ailments of children.

"Baby's Own Tablets are one of the best remedies for children's ailments," says Mrs. Arthur T. Allen, of Auburn, Me. "My little girl was nervous and could not sleep. I tried the tablets and she was relieved at once. I cannot say enough about them, and nothing else has helped her so much. I have used them a short time before her bowels were regular. I feel sure that they are a valuable remedy."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all druggists. They will be mailed on receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Ap Flier Was Abolished

Not satisfied with his first record for night flying, Captain Toshio Kato of the Japanese aviation school at Oshana, immediately flew again and established a new record. He hopped off at 5:30 o'clock in the evening and broke by 25 minutes his previous record of six hours in the night air. He immediately flew again and remained up for 25 minutes. He was then beating his previous record of the night by three hours. Most of his flying was in dense fog.

Cold Hardly Live For Asthma, writes one man who after years of suffering has found complete relief through Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Now he knows how needless has been his suffering. This medicine surely gives more help to all afflicted with asthma. Inhalant as smoke or vapor it brings the help so long needed. Every dealer has it or can get it for you from his wholesaler.

The time to take care of the coming year is this year.

Love and potatoes must be skin—they both spring from the eyes.

ACURIA HEALS LARGE PIMPLES Caused Itching Burning, Also Disfigurement.

"My complexion was completely ruined by pimples which varied in size. Some were large, hard and itchy, while others were just red and itched. They caused an itching, burning sensation, also disfigurement."

"After using scores of remedies for over two years, with but little result, I was advised by Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Acuria and Ointment. I was so pleased with the results that I purchased more, and after using two boxes of Kellogg's Acuria and Ointment, my complexion was completely healed." (Signed) W. W. Belcher, 25 Belcher St., Toronto, Ont.

Use Kellogg's Acuria on your skin. Send for Free Trial Box. Address: Dr. J. D. Kellogg, 1000 York St., Toronto, Ont. Kellogg's Acuria Healing Skin Sin.

Teeth and Health

Send By The Canadian Dental Hygienist, 1111-1113, The Bankers' Building, Seattle

WHY "NEW TEETH FOR OLD?"

Perhaps you were wondering why little money had to be paid for "baby teeth" and have them replaced with why.

Why, you asked yourself, do they not remain permanently and develop in size during the growing years just as do the ears and eyes?

"Because they become decayed," you say; but not necessarily so since tooth decay is a disease and is therefore abnormal and preventable; and for that matter, when you lose a tooth through decay at six and twenty, does a new tooth replace it? But you ever hear tell of a small child growing to become a large tooth? Not likely so, and for obvious reasons, for, as you know, the tree is of organic matter, while the stone is of inorganic.

Now the tooth, being composed largely of inorganic matter, especially the outer enamel covering, which is in itself so hard, like the enamel, cannot of itself change in form, and to grow larger once it is fully developed.

Obviously too, money's little jaw has no room for the larger teeth that it will need when it is fully grown.

Now the solution lies in the fact that little ones do big ones grow? We have in fact, the teeth that are sufficient to develop to accommodate the permanent teeth of adult age.

They are mother Nature's expedient to wear, and a good expedient too. It gives half a chance.

THERE is nothing quite equal to Aspirin for the relief of all sorts of aches and pains, but be sure it is Aspirin. The name Bayer should appear on every tablet. Bayer is genuine, and the word genuine—in red—is on every box. You can't go wrong if you will just look at the box when you buy it.



Save Essential To Health

Is One Of The Four Prime Necessities Of Life

Death is necessary to life and health. Deprived of food, disease and ultimate death would follow. In certain parts of the world where salt is scarce, salt is used in lieu of cash in trade and barter. Salt runs with water, bread, sleep as one of the four prime necessities of life. A medical man stated recently that the chronic ill-health of many people is due to their underconsumption of salt; they take too little in condiment form, and even less in vegetables, such as cabbage, which contain valuable salts.

Look at your salt-cellar. Each white grain of glistening salt is a perfect crystal. In a tiny pinch there are thousands. They will pass to every part of your body—blood, brain, tissue, and bones—and do their health-keeping work.

More Wrong Ideas Of Sin

More should be written about the pleasures of virtue. The old theology gave the impression that sin is delightful and that those who "forgo it" give up what is most thrilling in life.—American Magazine.

Minard's Liniment For Toothache.

"Let's look at this budget sensibly, folks. You can't save money even on paper." "But I do. I got fifteen sheets of paper for 10 cents today."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CREAM OF ASPARAGUS SOUP

Wash each stalk of asparagus carefully with a vegetable brush to remove all grit. Then cut in small pieces (using all but the very tough parts). Cook covered, until the asparagus is tender, in enough water to cover. Add salt to taste just before the asparagus is done. Allow two cups cooked asparagus and cooking water to 2 cups medium cream soup (2 cups milk, 4 tablespoons flour, 4 tablespoons butter). Season and serve hot.

Note: The less tender part may be reserved longer and put through a sieve. If desired, the tops may be used for salad).

FRUIT BLISS

2-3 cup sugar.
1-3 cup water.
2 egg yolks.
4 tablespoons lemon juice.
Red color paste.
3 cups fruit.
Wash and wash water five minutes. Pour over egg yolks, cook over hot water until thick, stirring constantly. Add lemon juice and red color and chill. Pour over fruit, placing peaches, oranges, red cherries and strawberries cut in pieces. Serve very cold. Serves 6.

Enlivening Their Sympathy

"Counsel for the victim of a motorist's accident," "contentment of the jury," "the driver of the car states he was going only four miles an hour. Think of it! Think of the agony of the victim, as the car drove over his body at four miles an hour!"

"I see you are getting all the girls of the town."

"Yes, but the worst of it is I have to keep their husbands on their feet."

Neuritis succumbs to Minard's Liniment.

Why Firestone Tires Give Most Miles Per Dollar

The greatest enemy to tire life is not the harsh grind of city streets but the hidden danger of the air created inside the tire by internal friction. Heat not only weakens the fabric, but also softens the rubber, causing blowouts and tire failure.

The above illustration shows a single cord of a Firestone tire greatly magnified and untwisted into fibers—smaller cords composed of many tiny filaments.

By means of the exclusive Firestone process, the cords of every Firestone tire are insulated with rubber, which prevents internal heat and friction.

Your local Firestone Dealer gives you the facts. See him today. These better tires. See him today.

FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER CO. OF CANADA LIMITED

MOST MILES PER DOLLAR

Firestone

GUM-DIPPED TIRES

Firestone Builds the Only Gum-Dipped Tire

